## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply FORGE during periods of intense rainfall or when wind speed exceeds 20 kph (ground and aerial application). DO NOT broadcast apply this product where there is no vegetation or slash or on uncultivated areas or non mounded or bare ground on slopes

FLAT SIZE: 332 MM WIDE X 448 MM DEEF

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at www.apvma.gov.au/spraydrift

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise.

## **GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATION (Foliar Spray Applications)** Forestry Plantations: Pinus radiata and Pinus pinaste

SITUATION/CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS		
Pre- planting SITE PREPARATIONS Pasture Sites  Native Woodland, Heath	Parthenium hysterosphorus	Qld, NSW, ACT only	1 kg/ha	Apply any time from March through to July. It recommended to delay planting until planting		
	ANNUALS: Flatweeds, Rye grasses, Clovers	QId, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	2.5 kg	lines become clearly visible, i.e. when effects the product are evident.		
	HARD-TO-KILL PERENNIALS: Wallaby Grass, Serrated Tussock, Sorrel, Dandelion, Kangaroo Grass (Suppression only)		3.5 - 5 kg	Machine planting is not recommended, as soil disturbance will reduce the residual activity.  For best results on Woody and Hard to kill		
	WOODY & HARD-TO-KILL WEEDS:		5 kg	weeds, application should be made after weed emergence.		
& Second Rotation Sites - long term control	Bracken, Varnish Acacia (Acacia verniciflua), Sunshine Acacia (Acacia botrycephala), Silver Wattle (Acacia dealbata), Hop Goodenia (Goodenia ovata), Common Cassinia (Dogwood Vic only) (Cassinia aculeata)			Silver Wattle exceeding 1.5m - suppression on		
Post-planting TREE RELEASE APPLICATION	ANNUALS: See: "Pre-planting SITE PREPARATIONS - Pasture Sites"		2 kg+ 5 kg Atrazine (900 g/kg)	Apply during July, August, September or October. Allow 8 weeks after transplanting before treatment.		
	HARD-TO-KILL PERENNIALS: See: "Pre-planting SITE PREPARATIONS - Pasture Sites			See below Avoid use on <i>Pinus</i> spp. suffering from stress (such as drought or water logging) or when temperatures exceed 25°C. Avoid use on shale soils and exposed subsoils.		
Pasture Sites	ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL WEEDS: See: "Pre-planting SITE PREPARATIONS - Pasture Sites"		3.5 - 5 kg	Apply during August, September, October. Allow 8 weeks after transplanting before treatment. * DO NOT apply surfactant/wetting agent		
Native Woodland Heath & Second Rotation Sites- long term control	WOODY & HARD -TO-KILL- WEEDS: See: "Pre-planting SITE PREPARATIONS – Native Woodland etc."		5 kg	when spraying over <i>Pinus</i> spp. trees.		
Loamy Sands & Sandy Soils	Sorrel, Yorkshire Fog Grass, Annual Ryegrass	SA only	2 - 3.5 kg	Apply during August or September, October. Allow 8 weeks after transplanting before treatment. See above*. Use the lower rate on Pinus spp. to reduce the risk of crop damage.		

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

**GIA T2817** 

and see a doctor. If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes, Phone Australia 13 1 1 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766. If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre.

Affer each day's use, wash face shield or goggles and contaminated prepared spray where face shield or goggles. Wash hands after use. When opening the container, preparing product for use and using the Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes. Avoid contact with eyes. SAFETY DIRECTIONS

regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product. roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste It not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging containers to recycler or designated collection point.

unaliuted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean Shake and empty contents into spray tank. DO NOT dispose of

'spaas conditions. Keep away from contact with tertilisers, fungicides and area, out of direct sunlight. DO NOT store or expose product to wet Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated STORAGE AND DISPOSAL keep stock away trom treated areas. PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Native and other Non-target Plants). native riverbank vegetation may be damaged (see Protection of DO NOT apply within 25 m of a recognised waterway, or further if with the chemical or used containers.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND

that may cause spray to drift onto non-target vegetation. DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or form spraying equipment,

that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment

areas where their roots may extend.

the chemical into areas where roots of desirable trees or plants may DO NOT apply in areas where a surface flow of water could wash where their roots may extend. As guidance this is two times their DO NOT apply on or near desirable trees or other plants, or on areas

correctly applied. The product may kill many trees and other desirable plants if not

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). A safety data sheet for FARMALINX FORGE Herbicide is available from FARMALINX Pty Ltd on request. Call Customer Service on

CONDITIONS OF SALE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. No warranty (other than non-excludable statutory warranties ) of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of product contrary to label instructions, or under off-label permits not endorsed by Farmalinx Pty Ltd or under abnormal conditions. Farmalinx Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any loss or damage arising from incorrect storage, handling or use.



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DO NOT contaminate ponds, streams, rivers, watercourses or drains **ENVIRONMENT** 

cropping lands or pastures.

coniq damage valuable plants. DO NOT apply under windy conditions and in areas where spray drift

DO NOT drain or flush spray equipment near desirable trees or in

height, or more depending on the species and other conditions. This product is extremely phytotoxic to Eucalyptus spp.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

# ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 750 g/kg D

GROUP

FORESTRY SPOTGUN

SITUATION/CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATES	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Post-Planting TREE RELEASE APPLICA- TIONS	ANNUALS Brome Grass, Capeweed, Chickweed, Clovers, Flatweeds, Rye grasses	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, WA only	6 or 12 mL of spray solution/ pine	Mix 1 kg FORGE with 30 L water and apply amount shown/pine. Use the higher rates of FORGE: - when weed pressure is heavy.
Pasture sites And	HARD TO KILL PERENNIALS: Dandelion, Docks, Paspalum, Ribwort/Plantain, Serrated Tussock, Snow Grass, Sorrel,		10 or 12 mL of spray solution/ pine	when grasses are the major problem.     for longer term weed control and greater pine     growth responses
Native woodland, heath and second rotation sites	Wallaby Grass, Yorkshire Fog Grass, Kangaroo Grass (Sup- pression only).			Hold Forestry Spotgun (fitted with 120° solid cone nozzle) over the pine (slightly off centre to the central leader) with the nozzle tip 50 cm above the ground when making the application.  Apply 1 - 4 months after pines have been transplanted into plantation.

INDUSTRIAL WEED CONTROL APPLICATIONS

GROUND APPLICATION (Foliar Spray Applications)								
SITUATION/CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATES	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS				
Commercial and industrial areas, rights of way, around agricultural buildings	ANNUAL WEEDS Summer Grass, Barnyard Grass, Love grass, Green Amaranth, Asthma Plant, Common Sida, Common Sow-thistle, Wild Oats, Soft Brome, Great Brome, Medics, Fleabanes, Paterson's Curse (Salvation Jane), Blackberry Nightshade	All States	4 - 6 kg	Use the higher rates on heavy soils and soils high in organic matter or carbon; on light soils where rainfall is heavy or on dense established stands of hard to kill species such as paspalum, couch grass (Cynodon dactylon), nut grass and kikuyu.				
	PERENNIAL WEEDS: Docks, Creeping Buttercup, Ribwort (plantain), Couch Grass (Cynodon dactylon), Paspalum, Nutgrass, Kikuyu, Artichoke Thistle, Rhodes Grass, Chicory, Flatweeds	Qld, NSW, ACT, WA only	6 - 8 kg					
		Vic, SA, Tas only	8 kg					
	Parthenium hysterosphorus	QId, NSW, ACT only	1 kg (Large Areas) 2 g/10 L/20 m² (Small areas)					
	Spiny Rush (Juncus acutus)	Vic only	120 - 180 g/100 L	Gives complete eradication of mature plants only. Seedling plants should be controlled for up to 6 months.				

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER **APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION** 

WITHHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED





Agriculture or Primary Industries, or local Farmalinx representative. Consult your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available

or other Group 5 herbicides should not be used. If the user suspects that a Group 5 resistant weed is present, FORGE the same season.

DO NOT make more than one application of a Group 5 herbicide in resistance is developing. Efforts should be made to prevent seed set Large numbers of nearthy surving weeds can be an indication that

detect prior to use, Farmalinx Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of FORGE to control resistant weeds. nerbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These coups is exerted by the controlled by FORGE or other Group 5. weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate Group 5 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to FORGE and other resistance management, FORGE is a Group 5 herbicide. Some ot photosynthesis at photosystem II mode-of-action. For weed

CBOND **2** HEBBICIDE

herbicides. FORGE has the inhibitors member of the triazines group of Farmalinx FORGE Herbicide is RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

damage to sensitive plants in subsequent treated areas. immediately after use. Failure to remove residues may result in Thoroughly clean all traces of FORGE from application equipment Equipment Cleanup

On gravelly or rocky soils, and exposed subsoils.

On poorly drained soils;

wateriogging;

environmental factors such as drought, moisture stress or On trees which show poor vigour due to disease, or planting in the following situations:

Because death or injury to trees may result, DO NOT apply after 100 % active constituent) for improved wetting.

at the rate of 250 -500 mL/100 L of spray (for a surfactant containing non-ionic surfactant/wetting agent (such as BS 1000) may be added calibrated boom or 2000 - 4000 L/ha with hand spray equipment. A Ground Application only - Apply in 100 to 400 L/ha with a properly industriai weed control

# **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

Farmalinx FORGE Herbicide is an effective foliar contact and soil active residual herbicide. Use sufficient water for thorough uniform coverage. For best foliar and residual weed control, apply as a postemergent spray during the periods of active weed growth and when the air temperatures are 25°C and above. Applications when weed vegetation is dormant, semi-dormant, under moisture stress or during the winter months may not be as effective.

In temperate winter rainfall areas where temperatures are generally below 25°C during the period of active plant growth, the foliar effect may be slow to appear. In these areas herbicide activity is more dependent on root absorption.

For residual control, sufficient rainfall is required after treatment to promote root absorption by the weeds.

Results obtained may vary with the amount of chemical applied, rainfall, air temperature, soil type and other conditions.

All use rates of the product are expressed as overall rates. For band treatment use proportionately less, i.e. use one-third the overall rate when treating one-third of the area.

# **Equipment and Application**

Farmalinx FORGE Herbicide is a soluble granule formulation. The product is mixed with water and applied at recommended rates with either ground or aerial equipment (dependent on use pattern).

Partially fill the spray tank with water and add the correct amount of the product for the area to be sprayed with the agitation system engaged. Top up to correct volume with water, and for best results keep the spray solution agitated whilst spraying. THE MATERIAL MUST be kept in Suspension at all times by continuous agitation. To prevent nozzle blockage, strainer and nozzle screens should be 50 mesh or coarser. When mixing FORGE with atrazine, add FORGE first to spray tank and agitate strongly before adding atrazine.

# Pinus spp. (Pinus radiata, Pinus pinaster)

Ground Application - Apply in 100 to 400 L/ha with a properly

Forestry Spotgun - see Directions for Use - Critical comments Aerial Application - Apply a minimum of 20 L water for every 1 kg of product used, eg. 5 kg in 100 L of water per hectare. A minimum of 50 L water is required when used with Accuflow (coarse droplet nozzle in helicopters).

Use a surfactant/wetting agent for pre-planting applications only, by

either ground or aerial equipment. A non-ionic surfactant/wetting agent (such as BS 1000) may be added at the rate of 250 - 500 mL/100 L of spray (for a surfactant containing 100 % active constituent) for improved wetting.

DO NOT add a surfactant if the spray is to be applied over the top of